



Egypt : The treasures of the Nile valley – 2nd Part

PYRAMIDS OF GIZEH - SAQQARA - EDFOU



For almost three millennium, the Nile valley has been home to one of the most brilliant civilisations in history.

The invention of a written language, consisting of ideograms called hieroglyphs, not long after the appearance of the cuneiform in Mesopotamia in 3300 BC, marked mankind's progression out of the prehistoric period.

The Egypt of the Pharaohs developed rapidly, reaching its golden age in the 8th century BC, and leaving in its wake a monumental contribution to world heritage.

In and around the city of Luxor, the capital of Upper Egypt, are a plethora of incredible sites which bring visitors flocking to the area: the Temple of Karnak, a complete religious complex, the temple of Luxor, one of the largest Egyptian temples, and the Theban Necropolis.

Situated to the North of the city, the Karnak Temple complex is an archaeological site composed of various temples.

Dendera, an extremely well preserved site, with deep crypts carved into the thick fortifications and decorated with religious low reliefs. It deserves to be known for its temple, dedicated to the goddess Hathor.

The temple of Horus in Edfu is one of the best preserved temples in Egypt, and the second tallest edifice after Karnak.

Directed by Jacques VICHET

French version
English Version

A documentary of 52'

High Definition
HD Cam & Digital Betacam 16/9